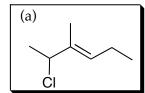
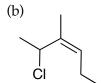
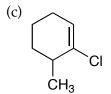
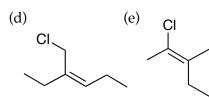
Multiple Choice. Choose the <u>best</u> answer for the following questions. (10 questions, 40 pts)

- 1. Calculate the degrees of unsaturation for a molecule with the molecular formula C₉H₁₀FNO₃
 - (a) 0
 - (b) 3
 - (c) 4
 - (d) 5
 - (e) 6
- 2. A reaction A \rightarrow B occurs in a single step and has a Δ G° of 50 KJ/mol. According to the Hammond Postulate, the structure of the transition state for this reaction would most resemble:
 - (a) the reactant, A
 - (b) the product, B
 - (c) it would be an equal hybrid of A and B
 - (d) the reaction intermediate
 - (e) there is no way to predict the structure of a transition state
- 3. Increased substitution stabilizes an alkene due to hyperconjugation. Hyperconjugation involves a bonding interaction between an adjacent C-H σ-orbital with...
 - (a) the alkene σ -orbital
 - (b) the alkene σ^* -orbital
 - (c) the alkene π -orbital
 - (d) the alkene π^* -orbital
 - (e) an unhybridized p-orbital
- 4. Which of the following is (E)-2-chloro-3-methyl-3-hexene?

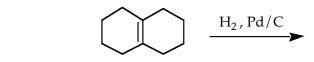


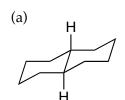


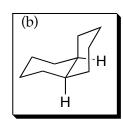


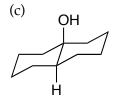


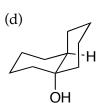
5. Which of the following would be the product of the reaction shown below?

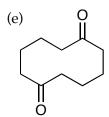








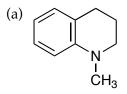


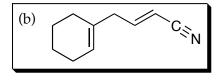


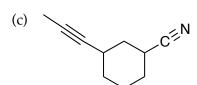
- 6. The pKa of acetylene is 25. Which of the following bases could be used to generate the acetylide anion?
 - (a) H_3C^- (pKa of $CH_4 = 60$)
 - (b) H_3N^- (pKa of $NH_3 = 35$)
 - (c) CH_3O^- (pKa of $CH_3OH = 16$)
 - (d) all of the above
 - (e) a and b only
- 7. Which of the following reagents must be used with HBr to convert 1-hexene to 1-bromohexane?
 - (a) HSO₃-
 - (b) NaBH₄
 - (c) ROOR
 - (d) Pd/C
 - (e) no other reagent is necessary.
- 8. Which of the following statements concerning a carbocation is <u>not true?</u>
 - (a) the hybridization is sp2.
 - (b) the geometry is trigonal planar.
 - (c) they are stabilized by hyperconjugation.
 - (d) they cannot be observed, isolated or trapped.
 - (e) statements (a)-(d) are all true.
- 9. Which of the following molecules is in the highest oxidation states?

(a) an ca	rboxylic	acid.
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- (b) an alcohol.
- (c) an aldehyde.
- (d) an alkane.
- (e) all are in the same oxidation state.
- 10. An organic molecule has a molecular formula of C₁₀H₁₃N. Upon hydrogenation of this molecule with Pd/C, it reacts with 2 mol equivalents of H₂. Hydrogenation with Lindlar's catalysts gives no reaction. Which of the following structures is constant with this information?







(d) H₃C CH₃

(e)
all structures are constant
with the information given

11. Draw a complete mechanism for the following reaction. (8 pts)

12. Give the product and complete mechanism for the reaction of Br_2 with cyclopentene in H_2O . Your mechanism should clearly show any stereochemical preference. (8 pts)

13. Given the alkene or alkyne reactant needed to obtained the product via the reaction shown below. (12 pts)

 $CH_2I_2,Zn(Cu)\\$

14. Give the reagent(s) required to complete the following reactions. (12 pts)

15. Give the product for each of the following reactions. *Draw the product in its most stable chair conformation*. (12 pts)

$$\begin{array}{c} H_{2}, Pd/C \\ \hline \\ NBS, DMSO, H_{2}O \\ \hline \\ 1) OsO_{4} \\ 2) NaHSO_{3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

16. Fill in the required intermediate products and reagents necessary to complete the following synthesis. (8 pts)

name	
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Problem 1-10:_____ (40 pts)

11:_____ (8 pts)

12:_____ (8 pts)

13:_____ (12 pts)

14:_____ (12 pts)

15:_____ (12 pts)

16:_____ (8 pts)

Total out of 100: _____