Chemistry 220b, Section 1
Name $\qquad$
Exam 2 (100 pts)
Thursday, February 26, 2015
Chapters 13, 15-19

Write and sign the VU Honor Pledge:
I pledge on my honor that I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid on this examination


This exam is closed book and closed notes
NOTE: It is difficult for me to give you partial credit if you do not show your work!
Neatness counts
Stereochemistry counts are indicated
Good Luck !!


1-15. Multiple Choice. Choose the best answer for each of the following questions. ( 60 pts )

1. Which structure is most consistent with the following ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum?

a)

b)
c)

d)

2. Which structure is most consistent with the following IR spectrum?

a)

b)

c)

d)

3. What is the product of the following reaction?
( )
a)


b)

c)

d)

4. What is the product of the following reaction?

a)

b)

c)

d)

5. What is the product of the following reaction?

a)

b)

c)

d)

6. What is the product from the following reaction?

a)


c)

d)

7. What is the product from the following reaction?

a)

b)

c)

d)

8. What is the best reagent for the following reaction?

a) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{NNH}_{2}, \mathrm{KOH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
b) $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$, THF, then $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$
c) $\mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}$
d) $\mathrm{HO} \sim \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}^{+}$
9. Which combination of reactants will give $(E)$-3-methyl-3-hexene as the product?
a)




b)



(2 equivalents)
c)

d) all of the above; i.e., $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}$, and $\mathbf{c}$ will all afford $(E)$-3-methyl-3-hexene
10. What is the best reagent for the conversion of a primary amide to a nitrile?

a) $\mathrm{P}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{10}$, heat
b) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$, heat
c) $\mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}$
d) NaCN , then $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$
11. Which reaction or reaction sequence does not affords phenylacetic acid?
a)

c)

d) none of the above; i.e., a, b, and c are all afford phenylacetic acid
12. What is the order of reactivity, from most reactive to least reactive, for the following reaction?

a)

b)

c)

d)

13. Arrange the following carboxylic acids from the highest $\mathrm{p} K_{\mathrm{a}}$ value to lowest $\mathrm{p} K_{\mathrm{a}}$ value.
a)

b)

c)




d)



14. Which structure is an intermediate in the saponification of an ester?

a)

b)


d)

15. Which structure is not an intermediate in the formation of a ketal?

a)

b)

c)

d)

16. The following transformations cannot be done in a single step. Complete the following by providing the correct reagents and the structure of the intermediate. (18 pts)

17. Give a complete, stepwise mechanism for the acid-catalyzed reaction of propionic acid and methanol to afford methyl propionate. (12 pts)


18. A molecule with the formula $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ has the IR, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra shown below. Provide a structure that is consistent with the data. Please circle your final answer. (10 pts)

${ }^{13}$ C NMR: $\delta 168.1,154.2,132.5,125.8,114.5,64.6,41.5,23.1,14.8,11.2$
${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR: $\delta 168.1$ : $\mathrm{C}=0$, ester, acid, amide (acid is eliminated since there is no OH in IR)



Total out of 100: $\qquad$

