Genetic Genealogies as a novel perspective on the histories and peoples of the Caribbean

Association of African American Museums 2020 Virtual Conference

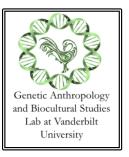
August 5-7, 2020

Jada Benn Torres, Ph.D. Associate Professor of Anthropology

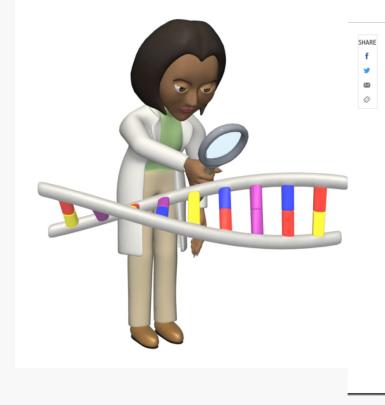
Vanderbilt University

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY ® Vanderbilt

Genetics Institute



"Genomic" Histories What stories can our DNA tell about our past?



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Benn Torres Jada •

BUSINESS | HEALTH CARE | HEALTH Study Sheds Light on Regional Origins of Many Black Americans' Enslaved Ancestors

Researchers point to legacy of slavery in shaping DNA of Black Americans today



A man looks out from 'The Tunnel' near where slaves were shipped from Badagry, Nigeria. PHOTO: AFOLABI SOTUNDE/REUTERS

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A new study that combined the genetic data of more than 50,000 people of African and European ancestry with historical records of the trans-Atlantic slave trade found

Recent Study by Micheletti, Steven J., et al. "Genetic Consequences of the Transatlantic Slave Trade in the Americas." *The American Journal of Human Genetics* (2020).

theindepthgenealogist.com

What can we learn from Genetic Ancestry Tests?

Individual perspective:

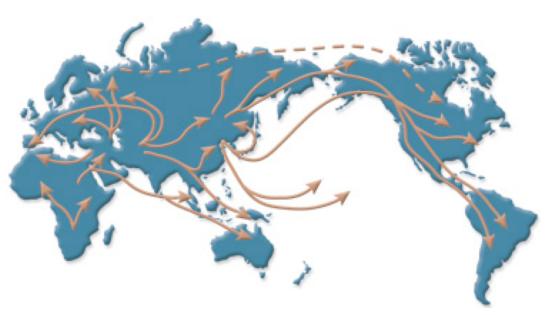
- Geographic origins of your ancestors
- Find biological kin
- Fill in gaps in genealogical records



What can we learn from Genetic Ancestry Tests?

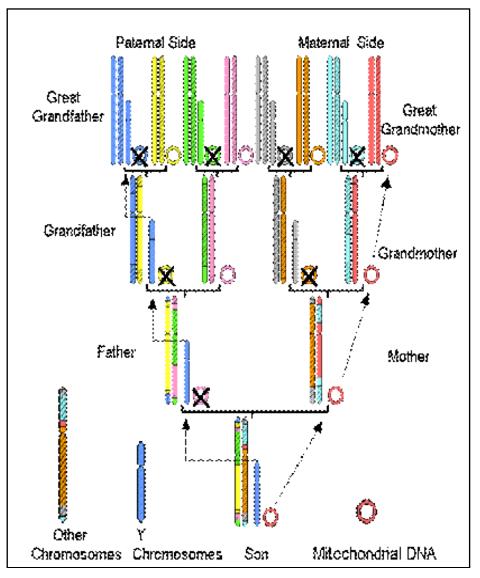
Population Perspective:

- Migratory history of a population
- •Common ancestry of all people

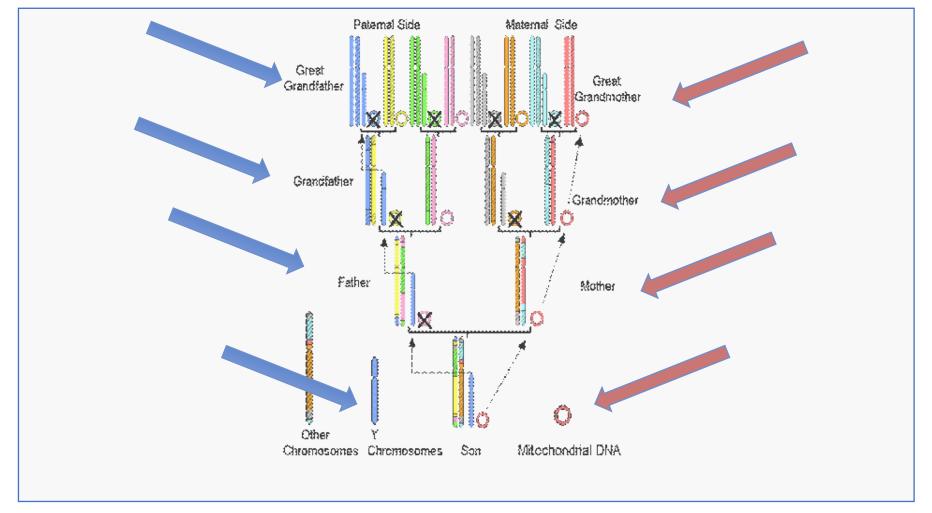


Types of Genetic Ancestry Tests

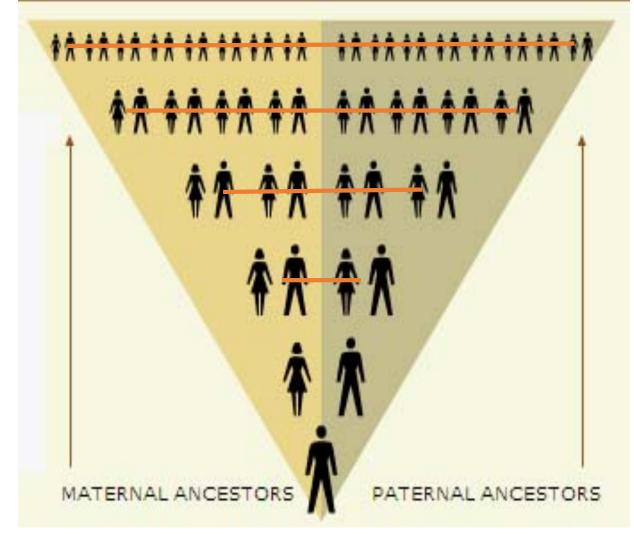
- I. Uni-lineal Tests:a. Mitochondrial DNA:– Maternally inherited
 - b. Y chromosome:– Paternally inherited
- II. Autosomal Tests:– Bi-parentally inherited



Uni-lineal tests

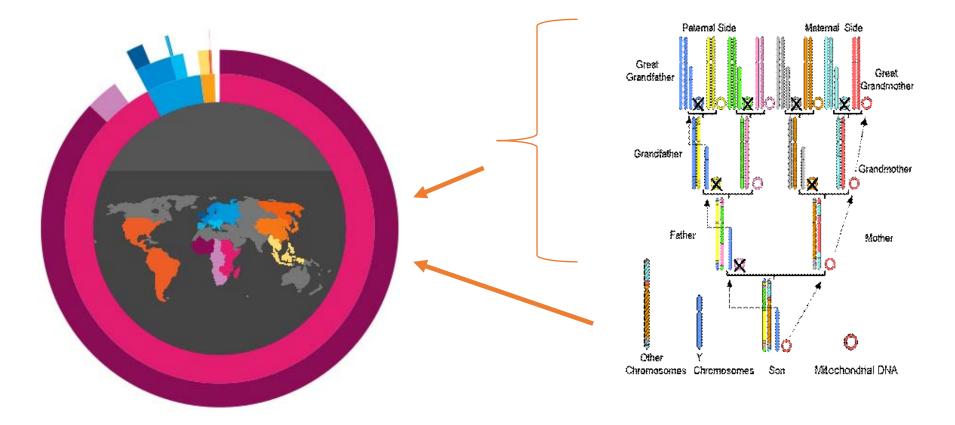


Limited Resolution of Unilineal Tests



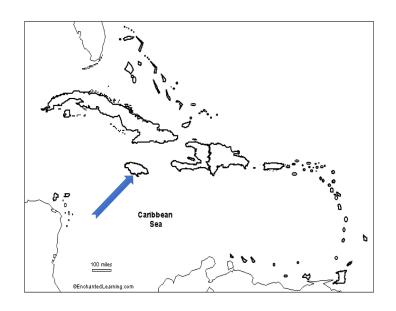
Autosomal Tests

-Traces recent lineage from both sides of the family



- Recognizing the community as a unit of identity
- Building on the strengths and resources of the community
- Promoting co-learning among research partners
- Principles Achieving a balance between research and action that mutually benefits both science and the community
 - Emphasizing the relevance of community-defined problems
 - Employing a cyclical and iterative process to develop and maintain community/research partnerships
 - Disseminating knowledge gained from the CBPR project to and by all involved partners
 - Requiring long-term commitment on the part of all partners Holkup,P.A. et al. ANS Adv Nurs Sci. 2004 Jul-Sep;27(3):162-75. Community-based participatory research: an approach to intervention research with a Native American community.

Accompong Maroons, Jamaica





Publications:

Madrilejo, et al., Mitochondrial lineages of Jamaica's Accompong Town Maroons." *American Journal of Human Biology* 27, no. 3 (2015): 432-437.

Fuller, and Benn Torres. "Investigating the "Taíno" ancestry of the Jamaican Maroons: a new genetic (DNA), historical, and multidisciplinary analysis and case study of the Accompong Town Maroons." *Canadian Journal of Latin American and Caribbean Studies*/43, no. 1 (2018): 47-78.

Disseminating Knowledge



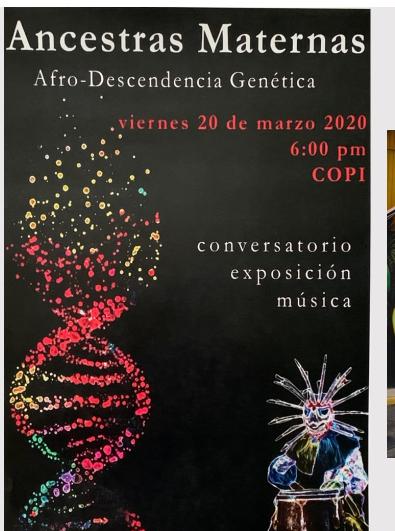


Race, Genetic Ancestry, and Discourses of Belonging in Puerto Rico



In collaboration with Puerto Ricans in Loiza, Piñones, and other communities, this research project we will document conceptions of race and belonging in communities that Puerto Ricans recognize as "black" yet exists within a complex national imaginary of racial blending and unity.

In collaboration with G. Torres Colon, American Studies & Anthropology, Vanderbilt University





Thanks to peoples of Accompong Town and Loíza for their trust and cooperation. Thanks to the Institute for Scholarship and Learning at the University of Notre Dame, National Geographic, and the Office of Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion at Vanderbilt University for support.

> Interested in collaborating with a genetic anthropologist? Contact me at: <u>j.benntor@Vanderbilt.edu</u> or on Twitter @sankofaDNA