## Iff Example

Let x be a real number. Let  $\lceil x \rceil$  be the smallest integer greater than x (ceiling), and  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  be the largest integer less than x (floor). Prove that  $\lceil x \rceil = \lfloor x \rfloor$  if and only if x is an integer.

Note: the "iff" in the question, meaning that you have to prove both conditional statements:

- 1) if  $\lceil x \rceil = \lfloor x \rfloor$  then x is an integer (forward)
- 2) if x is an integer then  $\lceil x \rceil = \lfloor x \rfloor$  (backward)

Start with showing the forward conditional statement is true (i.e. - Show (1) is true).

By the definition of ceiling and floor, we can say:  $[x] \ge \lfloor x \rfloor$ 

We know that  $\lfloor x \rfloor \leq x \leq \lceil x \rceil$  for any real number. If  $\lceil x \rceil = \lfloor x \rfloor$  then  $x = \lfloor x \rfloor$  which is an integer.

Thus we have shown the forward conditional statement is true.

Now show the backwards conditional statement is true (i.e. - Show (2) is true).

We know that x is an integer. Thus x is the smallest integer greater than x, that is [x] = x, and x is the largest

integer smaller than x, that is  $\lfloor x \rfloor = x$ .

Thus  $\lceil x \rceil = \lfloor x \rfloor$ , and we have shown the backwards conditional statement is true.

We have thus shown that  $\lceil x \rceil = \lfloor x \rfloor$  iff x is an integer.

Note: Each of the conditional statements were shown to be true using a direct proof method.