

Review of basic econ approach

1. Individuals are rational
 - a. Know what they want
 - b. Understand (have a strategy) how to get it, subject to constraints:
 - i. Budget constraint: form contingency plans for each conceivable set of (exogenous to them) prices:
 - A. Given income (endowments in EE)
 - B. Tells the individual what is possible in terms of consumption bundles.
 - ii. Demand curves (functions; inverse): plans that answer question: if (exogenous) prices are this, I want (and it is feasible, i.e., satisfies my BC) to consume so much of this and so much of that, etc.
 - iii. Markets (other mechanism designs) as institutional constraint
2. Markets: imaginary friend Walrasian auctioneer calls out sets of prices, collects the info from the individuals' plans:
 - a. sees if $D=S$; if so, job done.
 - b. if $D \neq S$, call another set of prices; rinse and repeat.
3. Solution: set of prices such that $D=S$; associated consumptions, productions. (NB: in EE, production is exogenous number).

Class 5: June 25

From journals:

1. Why inflation?
2. Midterm?
3. China trade war.

New news: Short-run supply chain effects